

# **Gas Sample Probe Series SP**<sup>®</sup>

# SP3000 /xx.... € II 1 D/ 2 GD SP3100V /xx., SP3100 /xx.. ⓑ II 1 G/ 2 GD or ⓑ II 2 G/ 2 GD

Instruction Manual Version 1.01.00





#### Dear customer,

Thank you for buying our product. In this manual you will find all necessary information about this M&C product. The information in the manual is fast and easy to find, so you can start using your M&C product right after you have read the manual.

If you have any question regarding the product or the application, please don't hesitate to contact M&C or your M&C authorized distributor. You will find all the addresses in the appendix of this instruction manual.

For additional information about our products, please go to M&C's website <u>www.mc-techgroup.com</u>. There you can find the data sheets and manuals of our products in German and English.

This instruction manual does not claim completeness and may be subject to technical modifications.

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With the release of this version all older manual versions will no longer be valid. The German instruction manual is the original instruction manual. In case of arbitration only the German wording shall be valid and binding.

Version: 1.01.00



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#### 1 General Information

The product described in this instruction manual has been built and tested in our production facility.

All M&C products are packed to be shipped safely. To ensure the safe operation and to maintain the safe condition, all instructions and regulations stated in this instruction manual need to be followed. This instruction manual includes all information regarding proper transportation, storage, installation, operation and maintenance of this product by qualified personnel.

Follow all instructions and warnings closely.

Read this manual carefully before commissioning and operating the device. If you have any questions regarding the product or the application, please don't hesitate to contact M&C or your M&C authorized distributor.

# 2 Declaration of Conformity

# CE-Certification

The product described in this operating manual complies with the following EU directives:

#### **ATEX-Directive**

The product described in this manual is produced in accordance with the EU directive for devices and protection systems for appropriate use in hazardous areas 2014/34/EU appendix II. The system of protection depends on the variant of the probe (see tables 1+2).

#### **EMV-Instruction**

The requirements of the EU directive 2014/30/EU "Electromagnetic compatibility" are met.

#### Low Voltage Directive

The requirement of the EU directive 2014/35/EU "Low Voltage Directive" are met. The compliance with this EU directive has been examined according to DIN EN 61010.

#### **RoHS Directive**

The requirements of the RoHS2 ('Restriction of Hazardous Substances 2') directive 2011/65/EU and its annexes are met.

#### **Declaration of conformity**

The EU Declaration of conformity can be downloaded from the **M&C** homepage or directly requested from **M&C**.



#### 3 Safety Information

Observe the following fundamental safety precautions when using the device:

- Read these operating instructions carefully before start-up and use of the device! The information and warnings given in these operating instructions must be heeded.
- Pay attention to the certificate of conformity (see appendix).
- Work on electrical equipment may only be carried out by suitably qualified personnel in accordance with valid regulations.
- The requirements of VDE 0100 and its associated standards and regulations must be observed when erecting high-voltage power installations with rated voltages to 1000 V.
- Relevant national and international standards and regulations must be observed when using the device in potentially explosive environments.
- The device must be connected to a mains supply with the same voltage as specified on the rating plate.
- Protection against contact with high electrical voltages: The device must be safely isolated from the mains supply before it is opened. The same applies to any connected external control circuits.
- Only use the device within the permissible temperature ranges.
- The device must be installed such that it is protected against weather conditions. Do not expose directly to rain, sun or liquids.
- Installation, maintenance, inspection and repair work may only be carried out by authorised personnel. Such work must be carried out in accordance with applicable rules and regulations.

#### 3.1 Intended Use

The **SP3000** and **SP3100...** gas sample probes must be operated properly under the conditions described in chapters 4 and 10. Only use the **SP3000** and **SP3100...** sample probes in permissible temperature and pressure ranges.

Refrain from any use other than for this purpose.

Improper use can lead to serious injuries, see the safety instructions at the appropriate point.



#### 4 Information on Use in Potentially Explosive Atmospheres

See Table 1 and Table 2 for the markings of the individual variants.

The devices are certified by DEKRA EXAM GmbH.

Detailed information and a copy of the certificate are contained in the appendix to these operating instructions. The devices must be installed and used in accordance with the conditions and installation instructions given in the EC-Type Examination Certificate (see appendix). Only then safe operation in potentially explosive atmospheres is ensured.

Any changes to the standard configuration with unspecified parts or parts not authorised by M&C and repair or service work with unspecified parts lead to an immediate loss of excertification.

- In case of doubt please contact M&C directly or your M&C franchise dealer.

#### 5 Warranty

In the event of a device failure, please contact **M&C** directly or your **M&C** franchise dealer.

The device is covered by a one-year warranty starting from the day of delivery according to our normal terms and conditions of sale and assuming a technically correct use of the unit. Wearing parts are not covered by the warranty. The warranty includes free repair at our factory or free replacement of the device which must be sent to us carriage paid and correctly packed.





#### 6 Terms and Symbols Used in these Operating Instructions



The 'Danger' warning sign indicates that death, serious injury and/or significant material damage will be the consequence, if the appropriate precautions should not be taken.

The 'Warning' warning sign indicates that death, serious injury or damage to property may occur if the relevant precautionary measures are not observed.

The 'Caution' warning sign indicates that slight personal injury can occur if the appropriate safety precautions are not observed.

Toxic!

Acute toxicity (oral, dermal, inhalation)! Toxic when in contact with skin, swallowed or inhaled.

Corrosive!

These substances destroy living tissue and equipment upon contact. Do not breathe vapors; avoid contact with skin and eyes.

'Caution' indicates that damage to property can occur if the appropriate safety precautions are not observed.

'Note' indicates important information relating to the product or highlights parts of the documentation for special attention.

'Qualified personnel' are experts who are familiar with the installation, commissioning, maintenance and operation of these types of products. The following knowledge is at least required for the work:

- Instructed person in EX-protection
- Trained person in the electrotechnical field
- Detailed knowledge of the manual and the applicable safety regulations

'Ex' indicates important information about the product or about the corresponding parts in the instruction manual, relating to usage in potentially explosive atmospheres.

High voltages!

Protect yourself and others against damage which might be caused by high voltages.

Hot surface! Contact may cause burn! Do not touch!





Wear protective gloves! Working with chemicals, sharp objects or extremely high temperatures requires wearing protective gloves.

Wear safety glasses! Protect your eyes while working with chemicals or sharp objects. Wear safety glasses to avoid getting something in your eyes.

Wear protective clothes! Working with chemicals, sharp objects or extremely high temperatures requires wearing protective clothes.

Wear safety footwear!

Use safety helmet and full protective goggles!



#### 7 Application

The probes of the type **SP3000** and **SP3100...** are used for continuous gas sampling in dust-laden processes or processes with high temperatures (per Table 7, chapter 10) or high gas moisture. The modular construction of the probes and the variety of possible options guarantee optimum adaptation of the probes to complex process and environmental conditions.

The probes of the type **SP3000** and **SP3100...** are available in both an unheated and an electrically heated version.

The probes may not be used to withdraw gases or gas mixtures that can be explosive even in the absence of air or which change safety-relevant material properties.



The gases or gas mixtures may also not contain any solid particles that could generate ignitable friction or percussion sparks in combination with the materials of the probe.

It is not allowed that during operation potential sources of ignition (e.g. smouldering or burning particles, glowing embers, foreign objects) are brought into the gas sample probe.

#### 8 Description

The probes of the type **SP3000** and **SP3100...** have been designed for easy use, long life and uncomplicated service and maintenance.

The internal filter element can be replaced without the need for tools or dismounting of the sample line. When the internal filter element has been removed, both the filter chamber and the sample tube can be cleaned easily.

#### 8.1 SP3000 (Combustible Dusts)

The gas sample probes of the type **SP3000** are suitable for gas sampling from potentially explosive atmospheres in Zone 20 (combustible dusts). The probe housing and all options are designed for use in potentially explosive atmospheres in Zone 1 or 21 (combustible dusts or combustible gases).

The markings can be found in the following table.



The maximum surface temperature of the gas sample probe depends on the process media temperature and the used options (blow back unit RS, ball valve drive /MS1 and probe heating HEX4).



The permissible process media temperatures are not allowed to exceed 185 °C [365 °F] at options 2-way-ball-valve /VA and 3/2-way-ball-valve /3VA. For variants without these last-mentioned options it is not allowed to exceed 200 °C [392 °F]. The consequential maximum surface temperatures and the derivable temperature classes of the gases are shown in Table 1.

The intended use limits the process media temperature and the choice of options insofar as the maximum surface temperature has to be below the limit temperature of the flammable process dust mentioned in Table 7 resp. it has to correspond to the temperature class of the flammable process gases.

SP	3000 for sampling	g from zone 20 resp. 21 flan	nmable du	st
		Max. process media		Max. surface
Туре	Ex-marking	temperature in °C [°F]	T-class	temperature in °C [°F]
	SP30	00 with graphite sealing		
	II 1 D / 2 GD	< 80 [176 °F]	T6	85 [185 °F]
SP3000	II 1 D / 2 GD	< 95 [203 °F]	T5	100 [212 °F]
	II 1 D / 2 GD	< 130 [266 °F]	T4	135 [275 °F]
	II 1 D / 2 GD	< 195 [383 °F]	T3	200 [392 °F]
	II 1 D / 2 GD	< 200 [392 °F]	T2	205 [401 °F]
	Option b	low back with solenoid valv	e	
	II 1 D / 2 GD	<130 [266 °F]	T4	135 [275 °F]
SP3000/RS	II 1 D / 2 GD	<195 [383 °F]	T3	200 [392 °F]
	II 1 D / 2 GD	<200 [392 °F]	T2	205 [401 °F]
	Opt	ion 2-way ball valve /VA		
SP3000/VA	II 1 D / 2 GD	<80 [176 °F]	T6	85 [185 °F]
(Option /MS1 pneumatic	II 1 D / 2 GD	<95 [203 °F]	T5	100 [212 °F]
drive implies at least	II 1 D / 2 GD	<130 [266 °F]	T4	135 [275 °F]
temperature class T4.)	ll 1 D / 2 GD	<185 [365 °F]	Т3	190
	Opti	on 3-way ball valve /3VA		
SP3000/3VA	ll 1 D / 2 GD	<80 [176 °F]	T6	85 [185 °F]
(Option /MS1 pneumatic	ll 1 D / 2 GD	<95 [203 °F]	T5	100 [212 °F]
drive implies at least	II 1 D / 2 GD	<130 [266 °F]	T4	135 [275 °F]
temperature class T4.)	II 1 D / 2 GD	<185 [365 °F]	T3	190 [374 °F]
Optic	on blow back RS w	vith solenoid valve and 2-wa	y ball valv	
	ll 1 D / 2 GD	<130 [266 °F]	T4	135 [275 °F]
SP3000/RS/VA	II 1 D / 2 GD	<185 [365 °F]	T3	190 [374 °F]
Optio	n blow back RS w	ith solenoid valve and 3-way	y ball valve	e 3VA
	II 1 D / 2 GD	<130 [266 °F]	T4	135 [275 °F]
SP3000/RS/3VA	II 1 D / 2 GD	<185 [365 °F]	T3	190 [374 °F]
Option 2x second sample		,		
Option MS1 pneumatic dri				
Option HEX4-135 implies a				
Option HEX4-180 implies a	it least temperature	e class T3.		

 Table 1
 Marking for gas sampling from processes with combustible dusts



#### 8.2 SP3100 (Combustible Gases)

The gas sample probes of the type **SP3100** and **SP3100V** are suitable for gas sampling from potentially explosive atmospheres in Zone 0 resp. 1 (combustible gases). They differentiate only in the material of the gaskets for the filter housing.

The version **SP3100** has a gasket out of graphite for probe types heated up to more than 185 °C [365 °F]. The version **SP3100V** has a gasket out of Viton for probe types non-heated or heated up to max. 185 °C [365 °F].

The probe housing and all options are designed for use in potentially explosive atmospheres in Zone 1 or 21 (combustible dusts or combustible gases). The markings can be found in the following table.

The maximum surface temperature of the gas sample probe is depending on the process media temperature and the used options (blow back unit RS, ball valve drive MS1 and probe heating HEX4).



The permissible process media temperatures must not exceed 185 °C for the options filter housing seal Viton<sup>®</sup> /V, 2-way ball valve /VA and 3/2-way ball valve /3VA. For variants without these last-mentioned options, 200 °C must not be exceeded. The resulting maximum surface temperatures and the resulting temperature classes of the gases are shown in Table 2.

The intended use limits the process media temperature and the choice of options insofar as the maximum surface temperature has to be below the limit temperature of the flammable process dust mentioned in Table 7 resp. it has to correspond to the temperature class of the flammable process gases.

		SP3100 for sa	mplin	g from zo	one 0 resp. 1	flammable g	ases		
					-		Max.		
		Max.		Max.			process-		Max.
		process-		surface			media		surface
		media	T-	tempe-			temp-	T-	tempera-
Туре	Ex-marking	temperature	class	rature	Туре	Ex-marking	erature	class	ture
	SP3100 wit	h graphite sea	ling			SP3100/V wit	h Viton sea	aling	
		< 68		85			< 68		85
SP3100	II 1 G / 2 GD	[154.4 °F]	T6	[185 °F]	SP3100/V	II 1 G / 2 GD	[154.4 °F]	T6	[185 °F]
		< 80		100			< 80 [176		100
	II 1 G/ 2 GD	[176 °F]	T5	[212 °F]		II 1 G/ 2 GD	°F]	T5	[212 °F]
		< 108		135			< 108		135
	II 1 G/ 2 GD	[226.4 °F]	T4	[275 °F]		II 1 G/ 2 GD	[226.4 °F]	T4	[275 °F]
		< 160		200			< 160		200
	II 1 G/ 2 GD	[320 °F]	Т3	[392 °F]		II 1 G/ 2 GD	[320 °F]	Т3	[392 °F]
		< 200		250			< 185		232
	II 1 G/ 2 GD	[392 °F]	T2	[482 °F]		II 1 G/ 2 GD	[365 °F]	T2	[449.6 °F]
		В	low ba	ack /RS wi	ith solenoid	valve			
		< 130 [266		135			< 130		135
SP3100/	II 2 G / 2 GD	°F]	T4	[275 °F]	SP3100/V/	II 2 G/ 2 GD	[266 °F]	T4	[275 °F]
RS		< 195 [383		200	RS		< 185		190
	II 2 G / 2 GD	°F]	Т3	[392 °F]		II 2 G/ 2 GD	[365 °F]	Т3	[374 °F]
		< 200 [392		205					
	II 2 G / 2 GD	°F]	T2	[401 °F]					



		SP31001	or same	oling from z	one 0 resp. 1 f	lammable	gases		
		Max.		<u>g</u>			Max.		
		process-		Max.			process-		Max.
		media		surface			media		surface
	Ex-	tempera-	T-	tempe-		Ex-	tempera-	T-	tempera-
Туре	marking	ture	class	rature	Туре	marking	ture	class	ture
				2-way ba	ll valve /VA				
SP3100/V	II 1 G/ 2	< 68		85	SP3100/V	II 1 G/ 2	< 68 [154.4		85
А	GD	[154.4 °F]	T6	[185 °F]	/VA	GD	°F]	T6	[185 °F]
(Option	ll 1 G/ 2	< 80 [176		100	(Option	II 1 G/ 2	< 80		100
/MS1	GD	°F]	T5	[212 °F]	/MS1	GD	[176 °F]	T5	[212 °F]
pneumati	ll 1 G/ 2	< 108		135 [275	pneumatic	ll 1 G/ 2	< 108		135
c drive	GD	[226.4 °F]	T4	°F]	drive implies	GD	[226.4 °F]	T4	[275 °F]
implies at	ll 1 G/ 2	< 160		200 [392	at least	ll 1 G/ 2	< 160 [320		200
least	GD	[320 °F]	Т3	°F]	temperature	GD	°F]	T3	[392 °F]
tempera-	11 6 / 2	105		222	class T4.)	11 6 / 2			222
ture class	II 1 G/ 2	< 185	та	232		II 1 G/ 2	< 185 [365	<b>T</b> 2	232
T4.)	GD	[365 °F]	T2	[449.6 °F]		GD	°F]	T2	[449.6 °F]
CD2100	112612	100 [170			valve /3VA	112612		1	05
SP3100 /3VA	II 2 G/ 2 GD	< 80 [176 •Г1	T6	85 [105 °F]	SP3100/V /3VA	II 2 G/ 2 GD	< 80	T6	85 [105 %]
	GD    2 G/ 2	°F] < 95	10	[185 °F]	(Option		[176 °F]	16	[185 °F]
(Option /MS1	GD	< 95 [203 °F]	T5	100 [212 °F]	/MS1	II 2 G/ 2 GD	< 95 [203 °F]	T5	100 [212 °F]
pneumati	GD    2 G/ 2	< 130	15	135 [275	pneumatic	II 2 G/ 2	< 130 [266	15	135
c drive	GD	[266 °F]	T4	°F]	drive implies	GD	°F]	T4	[275 °F]
implies at		[200 1]	14		at least			14	[2/] []
least					temperature				
temperat					class T4.)				
ure class	ll 2 G/ 2	< 185		190 [374		II 2 G/ 2	< 185 [365		190
T4.)	GD	[365 °F]	Т3	°F]		GD	°F]	Т3	[374 °F]
		Blow bac	k /RS wi	th solenoid	valve and 2-w	y ball val	ve /VA		
	II 2 G / 2	< 130		135		II 2 G / 2	< 130 [266		135
SP3100/R	GD	[266 °F]	T4	[275 °F]	SP3100/V/RS	GD	°F]	T4	[275 °F]
S/VA	II 2 G / 2	< 185		190 [374	/VA	II 2 G / 2	< 185		190
	GD	[365 °F]	T3	°F]		GD	[365 °F]	Т3	[374 °F]
		Blow back	c/RS wit	h solenoid v	valve and 3-w	ay ball valv	/e /3VA		
	II 2 G / 2	< 130		135		II 2 G / 2	< 130 [266		135
SP3100/R	GD	[266 °F]	T4	[275 °F]	SP3100/V/RS	GD	°F]	T4	[275 °F]
S/3VA	II 2 G / 2	< 185		190 [374	/3VA	II 2 G / 2	< 185		190
	GD	[365 °F]	T3	°F]		GD	[365 °F]	T3	[374 °F]
				ible for every	<sup>,</sup> version.				
Option /FW									
1				1	ast temperatur	re class T4.			
				ture class T4.					
Option HEX	(4-180 impl	ies at least t	emperat	ture class T3.					

 Table 2
 Marking for gas sampling from processes with combustible gases



#### 8.3 Sample Tubes and Pre-filters for the SP3000

The gas sample probe **SP3000** has a two-stage filter system:

#### 1. In-situ pre-filter

Various filter materials are available for this filter. The material is selected on the basis of the quality of the dust at the sampling point.



For a valid Ex-approval according to ATEX, only operate the probe SP3000 with one of the pre-filters from Table 3.

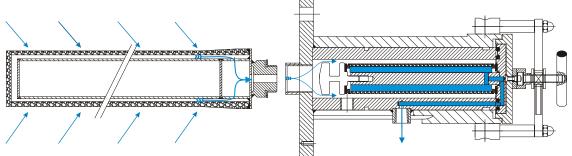
#### 2. Filter in filter holder part

This large filter element is made of stainless steel or a ceramic. The seals are made of graphite or Viton. The housing is made of anodised aluminium.

The filter system is suitable for dusts with a fineness of up to 2  $\mu$ m.

Behind the filter system, i.e. at the outlet of the gas sample probe, the sample gas is dust-free. This means that in the absence of explosive sample gas downstream analysers can be used without any special protective measures.

The following figure shows the basic version of the gas sample probe **SP3000/SP3100(V)**.



#### Figure 1 Probes SP3000/3100(V) without options with pre-filter type V20

The filter system of the gas sample probe **SP3000** consists of a process-side pre-filter and a stainless steel filter element in the probe.

A pre-filter from the table below must always be selected when using the probe at sampling points with explosive atmosphere due to combustible dusts.

Туре	Part No.	Material	Dimensions length x AD [mm]	Filter porosity [µm]
Filter in the probe:				
S-3 SS150	90F0126	1.4404	150 x 30	2
S-2K150	9050020	Ceramic Aerolith	150 x 30	2
Probe 3100/FW: (option	/FW only for S	P3100)		
Filter /F/M (coup glass)	9352083	Spun glass, high		
Filter /FW (spun glass)	9532065	temperature resistant		
Selectable pre-filters:				
	2050215	PTFE needled felt	450 × 40	2
SP2000/V20-T	20\$9315	(antistatic)	450 x 40	3
SP2000/V20-0	20\$9105	1.4404	200 x 51	3
SP2000/V20-0/HC	20\$9115	Hastelloy® x	200 x 51	3
SP2000/V20-1	20\$9145	1.4404	500 x 60	3



Туре	Part No.	Material	Dimensions length x AD [mm]	Filter porosity [µm]
SP2000/V20-1/HC	20S9155	Hastelloy® x	500 x 60	3
SP2000/V20-1/HC 0.5 μm	2059156	Hastelloy® x	500 x 60	0.5
SP2000/V20-3	2059300	1.4404	1000/300 x 31	3

#### Table 3 Possible pre-filter combinations

The pre-filter must be selected with a filter fineness suitable for the quality of the dust. The pre-filter can be extended with the following extension tubes.

Extension [mm] with volume displacer	Part No.
500	20\$9165
1000	2059170
1500	20\$9175

Table 4 Extension tubes

#### 8.4 Sample Tubes, Pre-filters and Option /FW for SP3100

#### SP3100 and SP3100V:



If the gas-dust mixture that is to be examined can be classified as potentially explosive because it contains combustible gases, only downstream devices (flowmeters, analyzers) with corresponding marking according to directive **2014/34/EU** may be used.

Suitable explosion isolation with a flame arrester must be established. These operating instructions do not cover any downstream units.

For probe SP3100 also option /FW spun glass is available.

For option /FW the filter element is dropped, and a spun glass cartridge is mounted at the filter housing lid. This spun glass cartridge is filled with a high temperature resistant spun glass. The option /FW is used at sample points with risk of quickly blocking filter surfaces due to tar or sticky substances.

The use of standard filter elements S-3SS150 or S-2K150 is not possible with option /FW.

When using the gas sample probe **SP3100** and **SP3100V** at sampling points with explosive atmosphere due to combustible gases, a pre-filter can be dispensed with. In this case sample tubes according to the following table can be selected.



Sample tube Type	Part No.	Max. temp. ℃	Material Tube/ Connection	Length "L1" <sup>1)</sup> mm	Length "L max" mm	Connec-tion thread "G"	Tube ø o/i [mm]	Connec-tion ø o "EM" [mm]
SP2000/SS	20\$9065	600 [1112 °F]	Stainless steel 1.4571	1000	2500	G 3/4"o	25/22	37
SP2000/SS-Vm	2059067	600 [1112 °F]	Stainless steel 1.4571	1000	2500	G 3/4"o	25/06	37
SP2000/HC	2059090	900 [1652 °F]	Hastelloy® x	1000	2500	G 3/4"o	25/22	37
SP2000/KA	2059080	1300 [2372 °F]	Kanthal®/1.4571	1000	1500	G 3/4"o	27/20	37
SP2000/IN	2059077	1100 [2012 °F]	Inconel	1000	2500	G 3/4"o	25/22	37

#### Table 5 Sample tubes for use with the probe SP3100 and SP3100V

Pre-filters and extension tubes from Table 3 and Table 4 are also possible.

#### 9 Options

The following options 9.1 to 9.6 are available for use in potentially explosive atmospheres. Please see Table 1 and Table 2 for the markings for the respective zones (combustible dusts and gases).



Attention must be paid to the operating parameters when selecting options.

#### 9.1 Back Purging Unit Type /RS:

The back purging unit type /RS consists of a pressure relief valve, solenoid valve, accumulator, and patented pressure control valve in the probe outlet.

A back purging gas suitable for the sampling point must be selected for back purging. The back purging pressure must always be higher than the process pressure. This minimum pressure must be monitored at the inlet side of the accumulator with a pressure monitoring switch. If the flush gas pressure drops below the process pressure, the back purging solenoid valve may not be operated.



The maximum permissible pressures of 6 bar may not be exceeded (see technical data, chapter 10).

Do not choose back flush intervals longer than 3 seconds because in case of strong pollution of the pre-filter pressure inside the probe would be rising and then discharging to the analyzer via the patented pressure control valve in the outlet of the probe due to a defined leak rate of this valve.

At sampling points with inerting, back purging must be performed with corresponding inert gas. It must be ensured that the inert gas does not introduce oxygen or combustible gases into the system. The probe **SP3100** and **SP3100V** with back purging option may not be used for gas sampling from Zone 0.



The cyclical operation of the solenoid valve and monitoring of the back purging pressure must be effected externally. The electrical connection of the solenoid valve must be made in an Ex e connection box.

#### 9.2 Option 2-Way Ball Valve /VA

For any service work, e.g. changing the filter element or cleaning works, the stop valve in the probe inlet is actuated from outside with the turning handle. This becomes necessary e.g. in case of overpressure or in case of toxic gas components.



In case of toxic gas components, the probe must be flushed after shutting off and before opening!

#### 9.3 Option /3VA Feeding of Test Gas and Back Purging via 3/2-Way Ball Valve

# The 3/2-way ball valve allows both functions "back purging" and "test gas feeding" to be made one after the other. Only one operation each can be automated via the pneumatic drive and must be specified with the order.

This kind of gas feeding provides the advantage that during back purging the downstream analyse system is automatically separated from the process, respectively, the probe is automatically separated from the process during test gas feeding. For that reason, you need a lower quantity of test gas as no mixture with the process gas may occur.

For measuring operation, turn ball valve into central position.

For blow back, turn ball valve into the corresponding position.

This means in case of manual operation to turn the handle from the central position to the left side up to the stop. For test gas feeding, the ball valve has to be turned to the right side up to the stop. For measuring operation, return the ball valve into the central position.

Ball valve position Measuring	
Ball valve position Blow back (back purging)	
Ball valve position Test gas	

Figure 2 Function schema of option 3/2-way ball valve /3VA



A back purging gas suitable for the sampling point must be selected for back purging. At sampling points with inerting, back purging must be performed with corresponding inert gas. It must be ensured that the inert gas does not introduce oxygen or combustible gases into the system.



The back purging pressure must always be higher than the process pressure. This minimum pressure must be monitored with a pressure switch at the inlet side of the accumulator or the check valve. If the flush gas pressure drops below the process pressure, the back purging solenoid valve must not be operated.

The maximum permissible pressures of 6 bar abs. must not be exceeded (see technical data, chapter 10).

The probes **SP3100** with blow back option or test gas option 3VA must not be used for taking sample from zone 0.

#### 9.4 Ball Valve Drive /MS1

The following drives are available:

Pneumatic drive with spring return type **MS/ NC** or **NO** Hereby 2 operating conditions can be realized:

**a.** Using a shut off ball valve /VA the conditions:

"Open=measuring" and "shut".

**b.** Using a 3/2-way ball valve /3VA either the conditions:

"Open=measuring" and "blow back" **or** "Open=measuring" and "test gas feeding" Type **MS-C** for test gas feeding and type **MS-B** for blow back.

When placing the order specify, if the ball valve is **NC**, (shut without control air), or **NO**, (open without control air). Standard = **NC** 

#### 9.5 Option /2x Second Sample Gas Outlet on the Probe

With this option, the probe has got two sample gas outlets 1/4" NPT i.

#### 9.6 Probe Heater

The probe heater type HEX4-.. is designed for two temperature ranges. It consists of a heating plate with two self-regulating heating cartridges, connection box and a weatherproof cover.

Please see the separate operating instructions, Electric Heater Type HEX 4 ..., for the technical data of the heater.



#### 10 **Technical Data**

Standard mounting flange	DN 65 PN 6
Sampling pressure	0.5 to 6 bar abs.
Material of medium-contacting parts	1.4571, 1.4404 cover gasket graphite (heated up to more than 180 °C [356 °F]) or Viton <sup>®</sup> (version <b>V</b> , heated up to max 180 °C [356 °F])
Marking:	
Gas sample probe SP3000 (combustible dusts)	(Ex)    1 D / 2 GD TX -20°C ≤T <sub>a</sub> ≤+ 60°C
Gas sample probe SP3100(V) (combustible gases)	Ex    1 G / 2 GD TX - 20°C ≤T <sub>a</sub> ≤+ 60°C or
	$\textcircled{\baselineskip}$ II 2 G / 2 GD TX -20°C $\leq$ T <sub>a</sub> $\leq$ + 55°C (for option back purging unit RS)
Permissible temperature of the medium	The permissible temperature of the medium is limited firstly by the materials used (< 200 °C [392 °F]) and secondly by the maximum permissible surface temperatures given in table 7
Sample gas outlet connection	1/4" NPT internal, for max. 8 mm tube connections
Sample gas outlet connection with option RS	6 mm Swagelok <sup>®</sup> connection

#### Option: Back purging unit type /RS

Power supply back purging unit /RS	230 V 50/60 Hz 9 W or 115 V 50/60 Hz 9 W
Electrical connection back purging unit /RS	Cable 3 x 1 mm <sup>2</sup>
Marking:	
Back purging unit /RS	(E) II 2 GD EEx m II 135℃
Connection back purging unit option /RS	1/2" at accumulator
Maximum back purging pressure	6 bar abs.
Ambient temperature	-20 °C to 55 °C [-4 to +131 °F]

Option /VA: 2 way ball valve in the probe inlet				
Operating temperature	-20 °C to + 185 °C [-4 to +365 °F]			

Option /3VA: 2/3 way ball valve in the probe inlet				
Connection test gas / blow back gas	6 mm tube			
Max. blow back pressure	6 bar abs.			
Operating temperature	-20 ℃ to + 185 ℃ [-4 to +365 °F]			

#### Option ball valve drives /MS1 G ¼" Connection control air 4 to 8 bar Control air

#### Table 6 Technical data



#### 10.1 Maximum Surface Temperature of the Gas Sample Probe

The maximum surface temperature of the gas sample probe depends on the temperature of the process media and the options used (solenoid valve).

The permissible process media temperatures are not allowed to exceed 185  $^{\circ}$ C [365  $^{\circ}$ F] at options filter housing sealing Viton $^{\circ}$  /V, 2-way-ball-valve /VA and 3/2-way-ball-valve /3VA.



For the other variants 200 °C [392 °F] must not be exceeded.

The resultant maximum surface temperatures and inferable temperature classes of the gases are shown in the following table.

The intended use limits the process media temperature and the choice of options insofar as the maximum surface temperature has to be below the limit temperature of the flammable process dust mentioned in Table 7 resp. it has to correspond to the temperature class of the flammable process gases.

#### 11 Receipt and Storage

- The probe and any special accessories should be unpacked carefully immediately upon delivery and checked against the delivery note for completeness.
- The delivery should be checked for transport damage and the transport insurer notified immediately of any damage.
- The gas sample probe is usually delivered in two packages:
  - Gas sample probe with the necessary fastening bolts, nuts and flange gasket.
    - Sample tube or pre-filter possibly with extension tube.



The probe should be stored in a room protected from frost!



#### 12 Preparations for Installation

First make sure that conditions at the intended place of use correspond to the data on the rating plate.

The temperature of the process must be taken into account when selecting the sampling point.

Heating of the probe or pre-filter above the temperature limit given in Table 7 must be prevented.

It must be ensured that the temperature limit for the combustible dusts according to Table 7 lies above the maximum surface temperature of the probe because it cannot be ruled out that dust deposits will form in the gas sample probe and prefilter.

The layer thickness of the dust deposits may have a maximum of 5 mm [ $\approx$  0.2"]. If dust deposits > 5 mm [ $\approx$  0.2"] are formed, the safety distance of the minimum ignition temperature of deposit dust to the maximum surface temperature has to be increased.



The requirements according to DIN EN 60079-14 in its current version must be observed.



It must be ensured that the temperature class of the probe corresponds to the ignition temperatures of the combustible gases/vapours.

Select the optimum sampling point in accordance with general guidelines or agree on a sampling point with the responsible authorities.

Place the sampling point such a way that there is sufficient space for installation and removal of the probe. Do not forget to include the insertion length of the sample tube in your considerations.

Easy access to the probe must be ensured to facilitate later maintenance work.

The customer-side sample nozzle should be dimensioned so that the temperature of the nozzle is always above the process dew point to prevent corrosion and blockages.

If the ambient temperature in the nozzle area is higher than the maximum ambient temperature specified on the type plate due to radiant heat, a radiant heat reflection plate must be installed on site to protect the probe.

The mounting flange connection for the nozzle should be DN 65 PN 6. If another connection size is wanted, an optional intermediate flange adapter **/SO10** is available.

The necessary minimum flange size or minimum nozzle diameter depends on the diameter of the sample tube or pre-filter used.



The prevailing operating parameters must be checked against the following table prior to installation:

#### Operating parameters for sampling point: .....

#### **Operating parameters for combustible dust (SP3000)** .....°C Ignition temperature of the dust per .....°C Limit temperature corresponds EN 50281-2-1:1998-09 to smallest value from A - 75 [°C] Method **A** (layer) Method **B** (cloud) and 2/3 x *B* [°C] ...... (> max. surface temperature from Table 7) Conductive dust Yes No Zone classification process side Zone classification environment Dust composition μm smallest particle size > 2 $\mu$ m Dust load g/m<sup>3</sup>

Gas composition	Corrosive	Toxic	Explosive
Zone classification process side			
Zone classification environment			
Ignition temperature of the gas/vapours	°C	Corresponds to	
	(> max. surface	temperature class	
	temperature from		
	Table 7)		
Explosion group		□ IIB	

Process conditions			
Underpressure/Overpressure situation	mbar	mbar	
Process temperature	°C, min.	°C, max.	
What parameters should be measured, e.g. O <sub>2</sub> , CO, SO <sub>2</sub> , NOX,,	vol.%	mg/Nm <sup>3</sup>	ppm
Required gas flow rate	l/h, min.	l/h, max.	
Necessary T90 time	S		

#### Table 7 Operating parameters



#### 13 Installation

The M&C probes SP3000 / SP3100(V) were developed for stationary use. With correct selection and installation, they will give many years of trouble-free service with a minimum of maintenance.

We recommend a horizontal mounting position with the sample gas outlet pointing downwards (this is not absolutely essential for proper functioning of the probe). The probe should be installed with an inclination of approximately 10° with respect to the process.



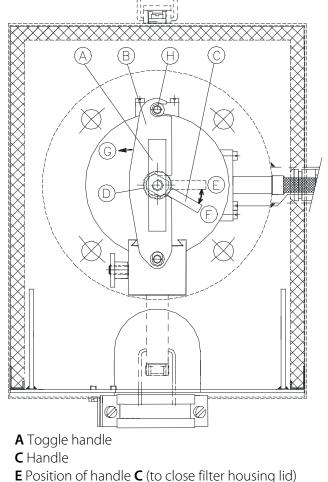
**Qualified personnel** 

Work on the gas sample probe may only be carried out from QUALIFIED PERSONNEL when the process and environment have been declared explosion-free zones, i.e. they are free of explosive atmospheres.



The following procedure is recommended for installation:

1. Remove the insulation cover of the sample probe by opening the two toggle-type fasteners.



**G** Direction: counter-clockwise

- **B** Clamping bracket
- **D** Eyebolt (attached to handle **C**)
- **F** Position of handle **C** (to open filter housing lid)
- H Threaded bolt

Figure 3 Schematic drawing of the filter housing cover



- 2. Turn toggle handle **A** approx. 1 turn counter-clockwise, that the filter housing lid will lift up;
- 3. Turn handle **C** in position **E**;
- 4. Turn clamping bracket **B** counter-clockwise in direction **G**;
- 5. Take toggle handle **A** and pull out the filter housing lid;

The following figures illustrate the steps described above.







#### Figure 4 Removal of the filter housing lid

- 6. Check tight fit of filter element and tighten it if necessary (hand tight).
- 7. Push the filter housing lid back into the filter area;
- 8. Turn clamping bracket **B** clockwise and turn with the handle **C** the eyebolt **D** in position **E**, that the clamping bracket **B** will latch into the eyebolt **D** and the threaded bolt **H**. It could be necessary to move the filter housing lid a little bit forward and backward;
- 9. Turn handle **C** in position **F** and fasten the filter housing lid by turning the toggle handle **A** clockwise handtight.
- 10. Push the <sup>3</sup>/<sub>4</sub>" flat gasket onto the thread of the pre-filter or sample tube. Screw the pre-filter or sample tube into the <sup>3</sup>/<sub>4</sub>" internal thread in the flange and tighten it.

If the size of the sample socket on the process-side does not correspond to the standard flange connection DN 65 PN 6, the optional adapter flange supplied must be fitted to the probe in the same way.

- 11. Place the flange gasket onto the sample socket.
- 12. Insert the complete probe unit into the process-side sample socket and screw it in place using the nuts and bolts supplied;
- 13. Put the insulation cover back on the sample probe and secure the cover with the two toggle-type fasteners.



#### 13.1 Connection of the Sample Line

• A 1/4" NPT internal thread is provided on the probe side for connection of the sample line. Suitable connecting unions for explosion-protected lines in the sizes Ø 6 mm (standard), 8 mm or 10 mm can be screwed into this thread using PTFE sealing tape.



The fittings must be tightened carefully to avoid damaging the internal components. The fittings must not be overtightened.

In the event of leaks do not tighten the fittings further. Instead the relevant fitting should be removed completely and then refitted.

Then check the connection for leaks.

The sample line is connected as follows:

- 1. Loosen the toggle-type fasteners on the isolating cover and remove the cover.
- 2. Loosen the thumb screw of the heat conducting plates and remove the plates.
- 3. Screw a suitable union into the probe head using sealing tape.
- 4. Remove the top part of the sample line mounting clamp and insert the sample line through the silicon cap in the bottom part of the bracket plate and up into the union.
- 5. Screw on the top part of the mounting clamp. In the case of larger sample line diameters, it might be necessary for centric mounting of the sample line to move the small mounting bracket of the mounting clamp a little after loosening the two screws and then tighten again.
- 6. Connect the line to the union. For Swagelok<sup>®</sup> fittings:
  - Insert the line with supporting sleeve fully into the union.
  - Tighten the union nut finger-tight.
  - Before tightening, mark the union nut in 6 o'clock position.
  - Grip the body with a spanner and tighten the union nut by 1<sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub> turns; after a full turn, the mark must be turned further to 9 o'clock position.
- 7. Then place the heat conducting plates in the guide slots on the side of the sample gas connection and tighten with the thumb screw.



A supporting sleeve must always be used when connecting hose assemblies to stainless steel unions.

The connection must be checked for leaks.

We also recommend the installation of a fine filter in front of the analyzer system.



When using the option back purging unit /**RS** the corresponding line must be connected to the accumulator.

A back purging gas suitable for the sampling point must be selected for back purging.

The back purging pressure must always be higher than the process pressure. This minimum pressure must be monitored at the inlet side of the accumulator with a pressure monitoring switch. If the flush gas pressure drops below the process pressure, the back purging solenoid valve may not be operated.

At sampling points with inerting, back purging must be performed with corresponding inert gas. It must be ensured that the inert gas does not introduce oxygen or combustible gases into the system.



The back purging pressure may not exceed 6 bar abs.

Do not choose back flush intervals longer than 3 seconds because in case of strong pollution of the pre-filter pressure inside the probe would be rising and then discharging to the analyzer via the patented pressure control valve in the outlet of the probe due to a defined leak rate of this valve.

The probe SP3100(V) with back purging option may not be used for gas sampling from Zone 0.

When using the back purging unit on the probe SP3100(V) the marking of the probe is 1 2 G/ 2 GD.

8. Then refit the cover and fasten with the toggle-type fasteners.

The probe and all options must be earthed. The leak resistance must be <  $10^6 \ \Omega$  everywhere.



The function of the probe must be monitored by a flow controller at the downstream analyser. A steady decline in the sample gas flow can be an indication of a need for maintenance work on the probe. The probe must be serviced when the flow rate drops below 50 %.

#### Check probe after installation for tightness.



For option /**3VA** connect the suitable tube (blow back or test gas) at the probe.

A back purging gas suitable for the sampling point must be selected for back purging. At sampling points with inerting, back purging must be performed with corresponding inert gas. It must be ensured that the inert gas does not introduce oxygen or combustible gases into the system.



The back purging pressure must always be higher than the process pressure. This minimum pressure must be monitored with a press switch at the inlet side of the accumulator or the check valve. If the flush gas pressure drops below the process pressure, the back purging solenoid valve must not be operated.

The maximum permissible pressures of 6 bar abs. must not be exceeded (see technical data).

The probes **SP3100 and SP3100V** with blow back option or test gas option 3VA must not be used for taking sample from zone 0.

For option pneumatic ball valve drive /**MS1** connect the suitable tube (e.g. control air) at the probe.

The permissible pressures of 3 up to 8 bar are not allowed to be exceeded or to fall below (see technical data, chapter 10).

The used pressure air can be dry or oily.

#### 14 Electrical Connections



A wrong supply voltage can damage the device. Make sure that the supply voltage corresponds to the voltage shown on the rating plate before connecting the device.



The requirements of VDE 0100 and its associated standards and regulations must be observed when erecting high-voltage power installations with rated voltages to 1000 V! In any event we recommend use of heat-resistant cables.



An external main switch must be provided.

The cable of the solenoid valve must be connected in a suitable Ex e connection box.



A fuse suitable for the design current of the solenoid valve (max. 3xlB (operating current) per DIN 41571 or IEC 127) or protective motor switch with short-circuit and thermal rapid release (set on the design current) must be installed in front of the solenoid valve as short circuit protection.





The design voltage of the fuse must be equal to or greater than the specified rated voltage of the solenoid valve. The breaking capacity of the fuse link must be equal to or greater than the maximum conceivable short circuit current at the point of installation (usually 1500 A). The fuse value is specified on the magnet –

Fuse: 0.1 A for 230 V/50 Hz 0.2 A for 115 V 60 Hz 1 A for 24 V



The solenoid valve should be operated cyclically every 60 minutes (perform a minimum of 1 pulse/s).

#### 15 Preparations for Commissioning

Before initial startup, all plant- and process-specific safety measures must be observed. It is mandatory for the operator to complete the enclosed risk assessment of the product.

The gas exposure risk must be assessed by the operator with regard to the hazards posed by process and calibration gas and the setup at the installation site (e.g. tubing, system cabinet/container/plant). If the risk assessment reveals increased exposure hazards, further measures are required.

A visible label must be attached to the installation site in accordance with the risk assessment provided by the operator.

#### 16 Start-up

The requirements of VDE 0100 and its associated standards and regulations must be observed when erecting high-voltage power installations with rated voltages to 1000 V.



An external main switch must be provided.

The control circuit of the solenoid valve must be protected with a 0.1 A<sub>T</sub> fuse for 230 V/50 Hz, a 0.2 A<sub>T</sub> fuse for 115 V/60 Hz or a 1 A<sub>T</sub> fuse for 24 V.

Make sure that the supply voltage corresponds to the voltage shown on the rating plate before starting the device. Switch on the power supply.



In ambient temperatures greater than 40 °C [104 °F] the temperature at the protective or isolating cover is higher than 60 °C [140 °F].



#### 17 Maintenance



## When working during operation:

High surface temperatures! Touching the surfaces can result in burns. Wear protective gloves.

Beware of aggressive condensate!

Wear safety goggles and suitable protective clothing.



The requirements of VDE 0100 and its associated standards and regulations must be observed when erecting and servicing high-voltage power installations with rated voltages to 1000 V!

Work on the gas sample probe may only be carried out when the environment has been declared an explosion-free zone, i.e. it is free of explosive atmospheres.



The process side must also be declared an explosion-free zone – free of explosive atmospheres – before the filter chamber is opened.





The blow back unit must be switched off before the filter chamber is opened.

The gas sample probe with pre-filter and internal filter must be checked for temperature and dust deposits at suitable intervals in time depending on the process conditions. Dust layers thicker than 5 mm [0.2"] must be removed immediately. The filters must be checked for damage and replaced if necessary. Also remove the dust deposits under the cover.

The probe must be shut down when the respective maximum surface temperature is exceeded.

The system and process-specific safety measures must be observed for all maintenance work.

Maintenance intervals cannot be recommended. They must be determined on site depending on the specific application and process conditions. One indication of a need for maintenance work on the probe can be a steady decline in the sample gas flow to the analyser system.

Check the probe every 3 years at the latest.

The testing steps are described as follows.



#### 17.1 Replacement of the Filter Element

Maintenance of the probe is limited mainly to replacement of the filter elements and inspection of the seals and gaskets. To this:

For probes with graphite sealing the lid sealing has to be changed whenever the probe is opened.

Probes Sp3xxx/V have O-ring sealings which have to be changed only in case of damage or embrittlement.



Necessary spare parts (1pc. each). Graphite sealing M&C part no.: 9350030

O-ring for probes Sp3xxx/V O-ring (39) Part No. 93S0020 O-ring (55) Part No. 93S0025

- 1. Remove the protective cover after opening the toggle-type fasteners.
- 2. Dismount the filter holder part (see Figure 3).
- 3. Unscrew the filter thumb screw and replace the filter element.
- 4. Inspect the filter element seals and replace if necessary.
- 5. Inspect the flat graphite or the Viton<sup>®</sup> O-ring gasket in the cover and replace if necessary.
- 6. Clean the filter chamber.
- 7. Insert the filter holder part again and tighten hand-tight.
- 8. Fit the protective cover.

#### Check tightness of the probe after each opening

#### 17.2 Replacement of the Pre-filter

The complete probe unit must be removed from the process before replacing the pre-filter. The pre-filter can, depending on the type and degree of contamination, be cleaned mechanically or in an ultrasonic bath and is then reusable.

#### 17.3 Blow Back Option /RS

For probes with option /RS function and tightness of the solenoid valve and the non-return valve have to be checked.

#### 17.4 Ball Valve /VA or /3VA

For probes with option ball valve function and tightness of the ball valve have to be checked. Also grounding resp. the copper band at the driving shaft has to be checked for proper condition.

#### 17.5 Ball Valve Drive /MS1

For probes with option ball valve drive function and tightness of the drive have to be checked.



#### 17.6 Cleaning of the Probe

The gas sample probe must be inspected at suitable intervals in time. Dust layers thicker than 5 mm [≈ 0.2"] must be removed immediately. The dust deposits under the cover must also be removed.



To prevent static charging, the probe should always be cleaned with a moist cloth.

#### 18 Shutdown

Before shutdown, i.e. switching off the heater, the probe should be flushed with a suitable inert gas to prevent condensation of aggressive components of the process gas.

#### 19 Proper Disposal of the Device

At the end of the service life of our products, it is important to take care of the appropriate disposal of obsolete electrical and non-electrical devices. To help protect our environment, follow the rules and regulations of your country regarding recycling and waste management.

#### 20 Spare Parts List

Wear, tear and replacement part requirements depend on specific operating conditions. The recommended quantities are based on experience and they are not binding.

Gas samp	le probe SP3000 and SP3100(V)				
(C) Consu	mable parts				
(R) Recom	mended spare parts				
(S) Spare	parts				
Recommended quantity operation [years]					y being in
Part No.	Indication	C/R/S	1	2	3
9050020	Filter element <b>S-2K150</b> , ceramic, 2 μm, 150 mm	С	6	12	18
90F0126	Filter element <b>F-3SS150</b> , 1.4404, 3 μm, 150 mm	С	6	12	18
93S0045	Gasket (30) for filter element, material Viton®	R	4	8	12
93S0055	Gasket (30) for filter element, material graphite	R	4	8	12
9350020	O-ring (39) for lid SP3200V, material FKM	R	2	4	8
9350025	O-ring (55) for lid SP3200V, material FKM	R	2	4	8
9350030	Gasket (69) for lid SP3200, material graphite	R	2	4	8
90S2077	Flange gasket DN 65 PN 6B (67). Material: Novapress®	R	1	2	3

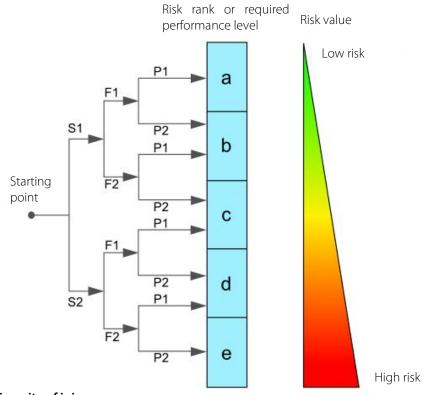


#### 21 Risk Assessment

The risk assessment provided in this chapter is intended for all work activities on the product. The hazards can occur in the work steps of assembly, commissioning, maintenance, disassembly and in the event of a product fault. During normal operation, the product is protected by a system cabinet or appropriate covers. Only qualified personnel is permitted to perform the work. The following minimum knowledge is required for the work:

- Employee instruction provided in process engineering
- Employee instruction provided in electrical engineering
- Detailed knowledge of the instruction manual and the applicable safety regulations

The product complies with the current regulations according to state-of-the-art science and technology. Nevertheless, not all sources of danger can be eliminated while observing technical protective measures. Therefore, the following risk assessment and the description of exposure hazards refer to the work steps mentioned above.



#### Severity of injury:

S1 = 1 = minor (reversible injury) S2 = 2 = serious (irreversible injury, death)

#### Frequency and duration:

F1 = 1 = infrequent or short exposure to hazard F2 = 2 = frequent (more than once per hour/shift)

#### Possibility of preventing or limiting the damage

P1 = 1 = possible P2 = 2 = hardly possible

Figure 5 Overview risk assessment





#### Aggressive condensate possible

#### **Risk rank group A**

Chemical burns due to aggressive media possible! This applies to all liquids in vessels and in the product. In general, for electrical and mechanical work on the product, wear personal protective equipment (PPE) in accordance with the risk assessment.



#### **Caution hot surfaces**

#### **Risk rank group A**

The temperature inside the product can be higher than > 180 °C.

The hot parts are shielded by mechanical devices. Before opening the products, they must be disconnected from the power supply and a cooling time of more than > 180 minutes must be observed. In general, for electrical and mechanical work on the product, wear personal protective equipment (PPE) in accordance with the risk assessment.



### **Caution electric shock**

#### <mark>Risk rank group C</mark>

When installing high-power systems with nominal voltages of up to 1000 V, the requirements of VDE 0100 and their relevant standards and regulations must be observed!

This also applies to any connected alarm and control circuits. Before opening the products, they must always be disconnected from the power supply.



### Gas hazard

### <mark>Risk rank group <mark>A-</mark>B-C</mark>

The hazard potential mainly depends on the gas to be extracted.

If toxic gases, oxygen displacing or explosive gases are conveyed with the product, an additional risk assessment by the operator is mandatory.

In principle, the gas paths must be purged with inert gas or air before opening the gascarrying parts.

The escape of potentially harmful gas from the open process connections must be prevented.

The relevant safety regulations must be observed for the media to be conveyed. If necessary, flush the gas-carrying parts with a suitable inert gas. In the event of a gas leakage, the product may only be opened with suitable PPE or with a monitoring system. Furthermore, the work safety regulations of the operator must be observed.





### **Caution crushing hazard**

#### Risk rank group A

The work must be performed by trained personnel only. This applies to products weighing less than < 40 kg [ $\approx$  88.2 lbs]: The product can be transported by 1 to 2 person(s). The instructions for appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE) must be observed. The weight specifications are contained in the technical data of this product. Furthermore, the work safety regulations of the operator must be observed.

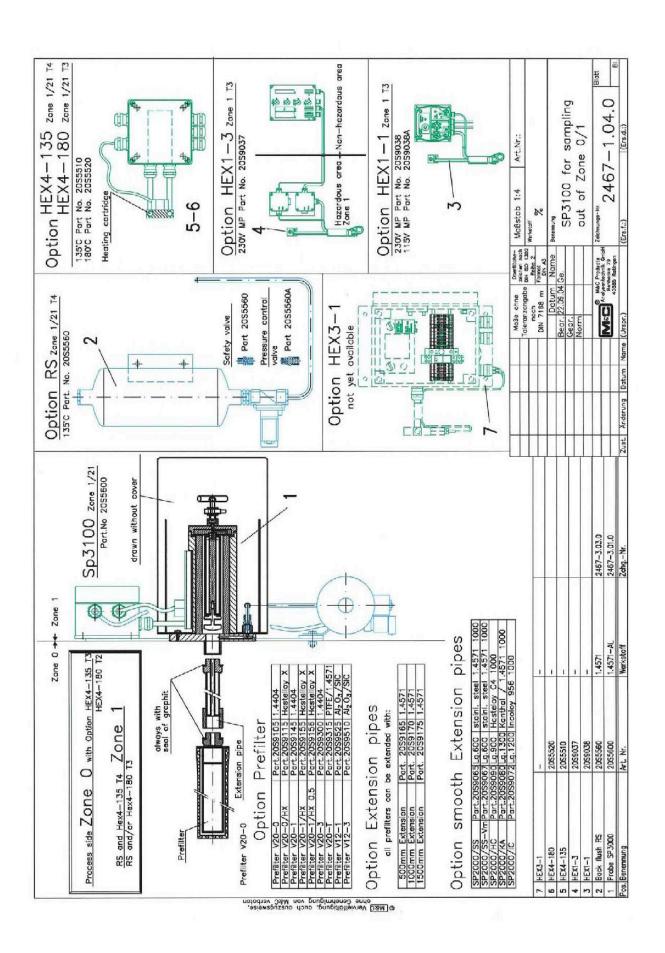
### 22 Appendix

- Probe SP3100(V) with options Drawing no.: 2467 – 1.04.0
- EC-Type Examination Certificate (English translation) BVS 04 ATEX H 045 X
- Dimensions



Further product documentation can be found in and downloaded from our online catalogue at <u>www.mc-techgroup.com</u>







			T	RANSLATION		
	$\mathbf{x}$				IND Zertifizier GmbH	
(1)	EC	C <b>-T</b>	ype Exa	amination	Certificate	
(2)		Eq	uipment and p	rective 94/9/EC rotective systems in ally explosive atmos	tended for use	
(3)			BVS 0	4 ATEX H 04	5 X	
(4)	Equipment:				e versions SP3000 and SP3100 optional rewinding unit	
(5)	Manufacturer:	M &	C Products A	nalysentechnik Gml	оН	
(6)	Address:	4088	hecke 79 35 Ratingen many			
(7)	The design and cor to this type examination			ent and any acceptable	variation thereto are specified in the schedule	
(8)	to comply with the Essential Health and Safety Requirements relating to the design and construction of equipment and protective systems intended for use in potentially explosive atmospheres, given in Annex II to the Directive.					
(0)					ment report BVS PP 1100/068/04 EG.	
(9)				nts are assured by comp		
	<ul> <li>DIN EN 1127-1:1997-10, Potentially explosive atmosphere, Explosion protection, Part 1: Basic principles and methodology,</li> <li>DIN EN 13463-1:2002-04, Non-electrical equipment for use in potentially explosive areas, Part 1: Basic principles and requirements,</li> <li>DIN EN 13463-1 Correction 1:2003-06, Corrections of DIN EN 13463-1:2002-04 and BGR 132: Prevention of ignition risks due to electrostatic charging, March 2003.</li> </ul>					
(10)				cate number, it indica dule to this certificate.	tes that the equipment is subject to special	
(11)	equipment in accord	dance t its of tl	o Directive 94/9/H ne Directive apply	EC.	ign, examination and tests of the specified process and supply of this equipment. These	
(12)	The marking of the	equipr	nent shall include	the following:		
	SP3000	(Ex)	II 1 D / 2 GD	$-20 \ ^{\circ}C \le T_a \le +60$	°C	
	SP3000/RS	(Ex)	II 1 D / 2 GD	- 20 °C $\leq$ T <sub>a</sub> $\leq$ + 60 °	°C	
	SP3100	(Ex)	II 1 G / 2 GD	- 20 °C $\leq$ T <sub>a</sub> $\leq$ + 60		
	SP3100/RS	(Ex)	II 2 G / 2 GD	$-20 \ ^{\circ}\mathrm{C} \leq \mathrm{T_a} \leq +60$	°C	
		EX		<b>Prüf- und Zertif</b> , dated 29 September 2		
	Signed: Dr J	ockers	1	an a	Signed: Dr Wörsdörfer	
1		0.00		2		

Certification body

Special services unit

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SP3000../SP3100.. | 1.01.00





Appendix to

# (14) **EC-Type Examination Certificate**

## BVS 04 ATEX H 045 X

(15) 15.1 Subject and Type

Versions of the gas extraction probe SP3000 for gas extraction from processes with combustible dusts and SP3100 for gas extraction from processes with combustible gases:

SP3000

(13)

SP3000/RS with rewinding unit

SP3100

SP3100/RS with rewinding unit

The basic version is the gas extraction probe SP3000 respectively SP3100, which can be extended by the following option:

The rewinding unit type RS for the preliminary filter frit consists of a pressure control valve, a magnetic valve, a pressure accumulator and a pressure-blocking valve in the probe's exit. For the reverse flush, a gas is chosen in accordance with the operation manual. The reverse flush is realised at a pressure of up to 6 bar. The cyclic activation of the magnetic valve is realised with the help of a control that is not part of the EC-Type Examination. The electric connection is realised at a joint box outside of the probe. The joint box is not part of the EC-Type Examination.

The weather protection cover is an isolated sheet steel casing to cover the probe's filter casing.

The following analysis with an adequate flow rate monitoring system is not part of this EC-Type Examination. Adequate analysis systems are to be used, the category of which has to correspond to the service conditions.

#### 15.2 Description

The probes of types SP3000 and SP3100 are used for the continual gas extraction in processes with combustible dusts and gases, process media temperatures of up to 200 °C and a high moisture content.

The gas extraction probe type SP3000 respectively SP3100 is a two-tiered filter system. For the preliminary filter on the process side, various filter materials are available, depending on the quality of the dust at the extraction point. The preliminary filter can be elongated with the help of an extension pipe. The second tier exists of an extensive filter element made from stainless steel or ceramics. The gaskets used are made from graphite or Viton. Die surrounding parts of the casing are made from anodised aluminium.

#### Table 2a: Filter elements

Туре	Drawing No. (M & C Products GmbH)	C Products Material		Filter fineness [µm]
Filter in the probe:				
S-3 SS150	2200-3.33.0	1.4404	150 x 30	2
S-2K150	2467-4.22.0	Ceramics Aerolith	150 x 30	2

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Selectable preliminary filter:				
SP2000ST/V20-T	2467-4.11.0	PTFE needled felt (antistatic)	450x40	3
SP2000ST/V12-1	2467-4.07.0	Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> /SIC	500x40	3
SP2000ST/V12-3	2467-4.08.0	Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> /SIC	1000x60	3
SP2000ST/V20-0	2467-4.13.0	1.4404	200x50	3
SP2000ST/V20-0/HC	2467-4.13.0	Hastelloy x	200x50	3
SP2000ST/V20-1	2467-4.09.0	1.4404	500x60	3
SP2000ST/V20-1/HC	2467-4.09.0	Hastelloy x	500x60	3
SP2000ST/V20-1/HC 0,5µm	2467-4.09.0	Hastelloy x	500x60	0,5
SP2000ST/V20-3	2467-4.10.0	1.4404	1000/300x31	3

After the filtration at the gas extraction probe's exit, the measuring gas is free of dusts of a particle size of  $> 2 \, \mu m.$ 

When in use at extraction points with potentially explosive atmosphere through combustible gases, a preliminary filter at the gas extraction probe SP3100 can be dispensed with. In this case, extraction pipes can be chosen in accordance with Table 2b.

Туре	Drawing No. (M & C Products GmbH)	Material
SP2000/SS	2246-1.01.0	Stainless steel 1.4571
SP2000/SS-Vm	2246-1.01.0	Stainless steel 1.4571
SP2000/HC	2246-1.01.0	Hastelloy C4
SP2000/KA	2246-1.01.0	Kanthal / 1.4571
SP2000/IC	2246-1.01.0	Incoloy 956

#### Table 2b: Extraction pipes

15.3 Parameters

The ambient temperature is stated to be -20 °C to + 60 °C.

The admissible extraction pressure is 0,5 bar to 7 bar.

The highest admissible process media temperature is 200 °C.

(16) Test and Assessment Report

BVS PP 1100/068/04 EG, as of 28 September 2004

(17) Special Conditions for Safe Use

The probe may not be used to extract gases or mixtures of gases that are potentially explosive also in the absence of air or that alter the safety relevant material properties. Furthermore, these gases or mixtures of gases may not contain any solids, which might generate ignitable rubbing or striking sparks in combination with the probe's materials.

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The following analysis with an adequate flow rate monitoring system is not part of this EC-Type Examination. Adequate analysis systems are to be used, the category of which has to correspond to the service conditions.

The gas extraction probes SP3000 respectively SP3100 and the reverse flush have to be grounded safely and permanently. The bleeder must have a value of  $< 10^6 \Omega$  against earth.

In the case of version SP3100/RS, the reverse flush pressure must always exceed the process pressure. Therefore, the reverse flush pressure has to be monitored on the pressure accumulator's entry. If the reverse flush pressure falls below the process pressure, the magnetic valve may not be activated.

The probes' maximum surface temperature depends on the temperature of both the process medium and of the electrical devices. The process media temperature is maximally 200 °C (cf. operation manual). The maximum surface temperatures resulting from this as well as the temperature classes of the gases permitted that can be derived from this are to be drawn from table 3:

Table 3: Interrelation between version, temperature of the process medium and the maximum surface temperature respectively temperature class for gases

Version		Marking	Maximum process media temperature [°C]	Maximum surface temperature [°C]	Temperature class
SP3000	(Ex)	II 1 D / 2 GD	≤ 80	80	Т6
SP3000	(Ex)	II 1 D / 2 GD	≤ 95	95	T5
SP3000	(Ex)	II 1 D / 2 GD	≤ 130	130	T4
SP3000	(Ex)	II 1 D / 2 GD	≤ 195	195	T3
SP3000/RS	(Ex)	II 1 D / 2 GD	≤ 130	135	T4
SP3000/RS	(Ex)	II 1 D / 2 GD	≤ 195	195	Т3
SP3000/RS	(Ex)	II 1 D / 2 GD	≤ 200	200	T2
SP3100	(Ex)	II 1 G / 2 GD	≤ 68	68	Т6
SP3100	(Ex)	II 1 G / 2 GD	≤ 80	80	T5
SP3100	(Ex)	II 1 G / 2 GD	≤ 108	108	T4
SP3100	(Ex)	II 1 G / 2 GD	≤ 160	160	T3
SP3100	(Ex)	II 1 G / 2 GD	≤ 200	200	T2
SP3100/RS	(Ex)	II 2 G / 2 GD	≤ 130	135	T4
SP3100/RS	(Ex)	II 2 G / 2 GD	≤ 195	195	Т3
SP3100/RS	(Ex)	II 2 G / 2 GD	≤ 200	200	T2

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We confirm the correctness of the translation from the German original. In the case of arbitration only the German wording shall be valid and binding.

44809 Bochum, Germany, 13 December 2004 1100/068/04 BVS-Lie/Sa

EXAM BBG Prüf- und Zertifizier GmbH

Certification body

K.te Special services

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